NAME & POSTAL ADDRESS:		

# **2008 CLUB DIRECTOR EXAM**PAPER 2 – LAWS AND REGULATIONS

# **INSTRUCTIONS**

- Write in black or blue pen.
- ◆ Answer all questions on the exam paper. If space is insufficient either add pages at the end or write on the back of the previous page.
- ♦ The use of "you" throughout this paper means you as the director.
- ◆ Write enough to show that you understand the law and can apply it in the given situations.
- ♦ All answers require a Law Reference Number unless told otherwise.
- Time allowed is flexible but 3 hours should be sufficient.
- ◆ You may refer to the 2007 Law Book, the QBA Regulations and one other piece of reference material of your choice. (Answers to old exam papers and prepared answers to possible questions are not permitted.)

#### **QUESTION ONE**

Answer "Yes" or "No" to the following questions. State the reference number of the Law that influenced your answer. If a QBA Regulation applies then give the page and/or clause number.

		Yes/No	Law No./QBA
A)	Must a player count his cards before looking at them?		
B)	Should players call the director when attention is drawn to an irregularity?		
C)	Is the standard rectification applied after an established revoke on the 12 <sup>th</sup> trick?		

		Yes/No	Law No./QBA
D)	East opens 2NT which is alerted by West because it shows 5+ in both minors 8-11 HCP. South overcalls 3D which shows a heart suit. Is 3D self-alerting?		
E)	A player writes "2" and then crosses it out and writes "3S". Is this a change of bid?		
F)	South has chosen his opening lead and has placed it face down on the table. Are there circumstances when this card may be changed?		
G)	Having applied the standard rectification for an established revoke, should the director adjust the score if further damage has been caused?		
H)	May the left hand opponent accept an inadmissible double?		
I)	Declarer has not followed suit during the current trick. May dummy ask him if he has revoked?		
J)	May a player deviate from the system she and her partner have agreed to play providing partner has no more reason than the opponents to be aware of the deviation?		
K)	Is a failure to alert as required by regulation classed as misinformation?		
L)	Is information from withdrawn calls authorised to the non-offenders?		
M)	Declarer calls for a card that is not in the dummy. May he now call for any card that is?		
N)	East has the ♣8 on the table as a minor penalty card? Is he required to play that card at the first legal opportunity?		
O)	May a player ask a question solely for partner's benefit?		
P)	May a spectator chat with players during a round?		
Q)	A player holds one card only of the suit lead. May he pause as though considering which card of several he wishes to play?		

# **QUESTION TWO**

NORTH	EAST	SOUTH	WEST
1H	Pass	3Н	1S

North does not accept the bid of 1S. West does not wait to hear her options and immediately crosses out 1S and writes 2S. What is your ruling?			
	• • • • • •		
	• • • • • •		
What Law(s) apply?			
QUESTION THREE			
An opening bid of 2S out of rotation has not been accepted and therefore withdrawn. 2S shows spades and another suit. The offender is able to show spade suit and a club suit in the legal auction. His side become the defende What lead restrictions, if any, are offered to declarer the first time offender partner is to lead?	rs.		
What Law(s) apply?			

#### **QUESTION FOUR**

You are called to a table and find that both East and West have faced an opening lead. East has the ♥8 face up on the table and West with the ♠Q face up on the table. South is the presumed declarer in 3NT.

(a) What is your ruling if you are satisfied that West led before East?				
What Law(s	s) apply?		 	
at the same				

# **QUESTION FIVE**

You are called to a table to find that West has changed a bid of 1S to 1H. Away from the table West says that as soon as he wrote 1S he realised that he held 5 hearts and only 4 spades and had changed his bid immediately without his pencil leaving the paper. What is your ruling?					
What Law(s)	apply?				
QUESTION	SIX				
	lealer. North has	opened 2C (a	rtificial & stro	ng). What is yo	ur
What Law(s)	apply?				

### **QUESTION SEVEN**

West has already looked at her cards when South announces that he has only 12 cards. West has the ♥5 from the South hand. How do you handle this situation?					
	•••••				
	•••••				
QUESTION E					
in a contract of	Signature 13 Signa	ng card (the	(A) is found fa	left. East is decla	rer
in a contract of	3D. The missing	ng card (the	(A) is found fa		rer
in a contract of	3D. The missing	ng card (the	(A) is found fa		rer
in a contract of previous table.	3D. The missir How do you ha	ng card (the \undle this situ	•A) is found fa ation?		
in a contract of previous table.	3D. The missir How do you ha	ng card (the \undle this situ	•A) is found fa ation?	ce down at the	
in a contract of previous table.	3D. The missir How do you ha	ng card (the \undle this situ	•A) is found fa ation?	ce down at the	
in a contract of previous table.	3D. The missir How do you ha	ng card (the \undle this situ	•A) is found fa ation?	ce down at the	
in a contract of previous table.	3D. The missir How do you ha	ng card (the \undle this situ	•A) is found fa ation?	ce down at the	
in a contract of previous table.	3D. The missir How do you ha	ng card (the \undle this situ	•A) is found fa ation?	ce down at the	
in a contract of previous table.	3D. The missir How do you ha	ng card (the \undle this situ	•A) is found fa ation?	ce down at the	

# **QUESTION NINE**

<ul><li>♦ 5</li><li>♥ J863</li><li>♦ A874</li><li>♣ J1072</li></ul>	<ul> <li>↓ J843</li> <li>↓ KQ2</li> <li>↓ Q953</li> <li>♣ Q4</li> <li>▲ 1062</li> <li>↓ A1054</li> <li>↓ K1062</li> <li>♣ 93</li> </ul>	<ul><li>A AKQ97</li><li>♥ 97</li><li>♦ J</li><li>♣ AK865</li></ul>	East is declarer in 5C. She wins Trick 1 with the ◆A, leads to the ♣A then plays the ♣K on which North discards the ◆5.  East now plays ♠AKQ discarding 2 hearts from the dummy and ruffs a spade. She ruffs a diamond and on the last spade she discards another heart from the dummy before, surprisingly, North ruffs with the ♣Q and cashes one heart trick.  Declarer makes 11 Tricks.  What is your ruling?		
	•••••				
What Law	(s) apply?				
OHECTIC	N TEN				
<b>QUESTION TEN</b> North as declarer leads the ♥3 towards the ♥QJ1076 in the dummy. West immediately plays his singleton ♥K before East has played to the trick. What is your ruling?					
What Law	(s) apply?				

### **QUESTION ELEVEN**

NORTH	EAST	SOUTH	WEST
		1H	1S
$2S^1$	3S	4H	4S
Pass	Pass		

2S<sup>1</sup> shows 4+ hearts and invitational values

At this stage of the auction North makes a face up opening lead of the ♣2. What is your ruling?
What Law(s) apply?
QUESTION TWELVE
In the second round of a Mitchell movement, the boards at Table 6 are played quickly and North at Table 6 immediately places the played boards beside South at Table 5 long before the move is called. Unfortunately, Table 5 plays Board 25 instead of Board 24. How do you handle this situation?
What Law(s) apply?

#### **QUESTION THIRTEEN**

Dlr: W	♠ KJ	
Vul: EW	<b>♥</b> K97	
	♦ AJ93	
	♣ K1082	
<b>♦</b> AQ983		<b>▲</b> 107652
<b>♥</b> A103		<b>♥</b> Q2
♦ K105		<b>♦</b> 864
<b>♣</b> J7		<b>♣</b> 643
	<b>•</b> 4	
	<b>♥</b> J8654	
	♦ Q72	
	<b>♣</b> AQ95	

N	E	S	W
			1S
X	4S	Pass <sup>1</sup>	Pass
X	Pass	Pass	Pass

Result: 4SX -2 for NS +500

Pass<sup>1</sup> Agreed break in tempo.

After playing the hand, West calls you to express concern about North's second double after South's pause.

South said she had been taken by surprise by 4S but had not hesitated for very long.

Do you adjust the score? What factors influenced your decision?
What Law(s) apply?